Should We Help Uropathogens Get Fitter?

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Aims –

• To assess whether prophylactic antibiotics altered the diversity and fitness of *E. coli* present in UTIs in catheter users.

Why? –

- £1.5 million is spent treating UTIs in catheter patients.
- Prophylaxis would cost a further £8.5 million but patients receiving it reported reduced symptoms

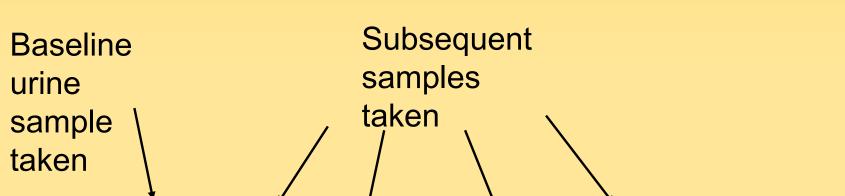
AnTIC – Clinical trial testing the effect of prophylactic antibiotics on the frequency of UTIs in catheter users.
195 patients – given prophylactic antibiotics.
193 patients – carried on as normal.
Urine samples were collected from both every 3 months.

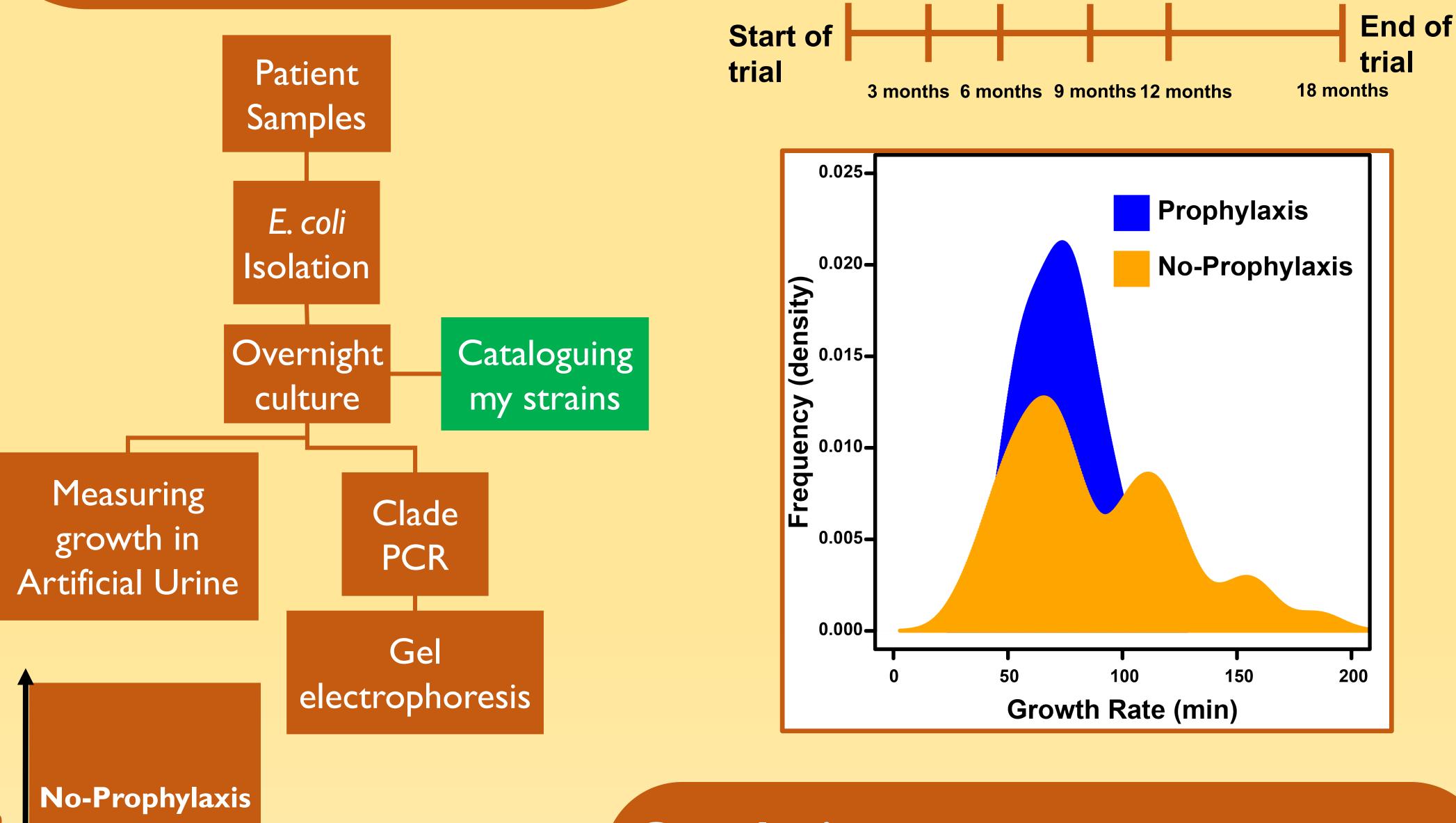
AnTIC Timeline

Final

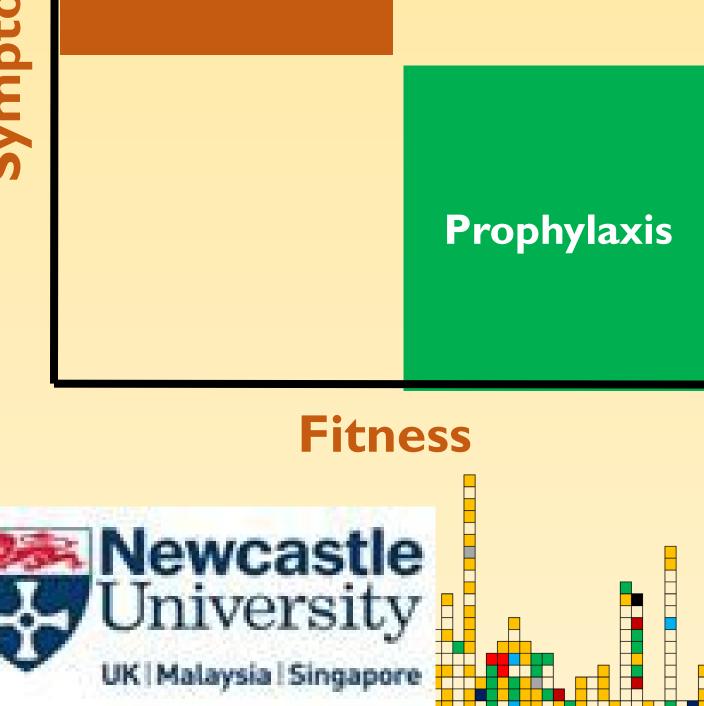
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samples





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Conclusion –

- Prophylaxis **does** appear to encourage a fitter *E*. *coli* population, whereas non-prophylactic groups exhibit reduced **fitness**.
- From AnTIC we can correlate prophylaxis with reduced symptoms in patients, improving their quality of life.
 - So, does encouraging fitter pathogens actually improve patient quality of life?